

*In a Restaurant*

**Tom** - **Waiter!**

**Waiter** - **Yes, sir?**

**Tom** - Bring us the menu, please!

**Waiter** - Yes, sir. Just a moment, sir.

**Waiter** - Here is the menu, sir.

**Tom** - Thank you.

**Marg.** - For me soup, fish, cakes and bananas.

**Tom** - For me soup and a big steak with fried potatoes.

**Waiter** - Very well, sir. And...wine or beer?

**Marg.** - For me, mineral water.

**Tom** - For me, a bottle of red wine.

**Waiter** - Very well, sir.

**Marg.** - You drink too much wine, Tom.

**Tom** - Well, I am thirsty. And you eat too many cakes.

**Marg.** - Only because I am hungry.

*The waiter brings the food. (Il cameriere porta il cibo.)*

**Waiter** - Here you are, madam! Here you are sir!

**Marg.** - Thank you.

**Tom** - Thank you.

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**Marg.** - Tom! I like this place! It is very elegant and romantic. The flowers on the table are beautiful... and the music is wonderful!

**(turn over)**

*(continuation)* In a Restaurant

**Tom** - I like it too. The steak is very good. And the bread is also good. The wine is delicious ! And the music ...

**Marg.** - Yes, Tom? The music ...?

**Tom** - Well, the music is good for the digestion.

**Marg.** - Oh, Tom! You are vulgar.

A pianist is playing some romantic music.

*(Un pianista sta suonando della musica romantica)*

**Marg.** - Oh, the music! It is wonderful! Wonderful!

**Tom** - Uh ... huh. This meat is very good!  
A glass of wine, Margaret?

**Marg.** - No, thank you. I prefer these delicious cakes.

**Tom** - Waiter, bring us two coffees, please!

**Waiter** - Yes, sir.

The waiter brings the coffee.

**Marg.** - Tom! It is time to go.

**Tom** - No, dear. We have plenty of time.

**Marg.** - Oh, come on, Tom!

**Tom** - Very well, dear. Waiter, the bill please!

**Waiter** - Yes, sir. Just a moment, sir!

**Marg.** - Give him a good tip, Tom!

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**Waiter** - Here is the bill, sir!

**Tom** - Keep the change!

**Waiter** - Thank you, sir! Thank you very much!

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**(turn over)**

*(continuation)* **In a Restaurant**

- Tom** - Are you tired, Margaret?
- Marg.** - Oh no! A very nice evening! An elegant restaurant, a nice waiter and wonderful music!
- Tom** - Yes, dear... and a very good dinner! Delicious wine and... er ... wonderful music.

**hungry** = *affamato*> I am **hungry**. = (*lett. Io sono affamato.*) **Ho fame.****thirsty** = *assetato*> I am **thirsty**. = (*lett. Io sono assetato.*) **Ho sete.****cold** = *infreddolito; freddo*> I am **cold**. = (*lett. Io sono infreddolito.*) **Ho freddo.****hot** = *accaldato; caldo*> I am **hot**. = (*lett. Io sono accaldato.*) **Ho caldo.****Tom and Margaret****Marg.** - A glass of beer, Tom?**Tom** - Yes, please. I'm **thirsty**.**Marg.** - A sandwich, a banana, dear?**Tom** - Yes, please. I'm **hungry** too.**Marg.** - Are you **hot**, dear?**Tom** - No, I'm not **hot**. But I'm **thirsty**. Very **thirsty**! Give me the beer, please!**Marg.** - Here you are, dear!

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**Here you are!** = *Ecco! Eccoti!**Questa espressione si usa quando si porge qualcosa.***Tom** - Margaret, pass me the salt, please!**Marg.** - **Here you are**, dear!**Tom** - And now, pass me the wine, please!**Marg.** - **Here you are**, dear!

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**salt** = *sale***to pass** = *passare; porgere*

**here** = *qui; qua*

**there** = *lì; là*

***Robert and Millie***

**Millie** - Robert! Robert! It is time to get up!

**Robert** - Bring me my coffee!

**Millie** - Your coffee is **there**, on the table.

**Robert** - Bring it **here**!

**Millie** - Just a moment!... Here you are!

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**Robert** - Hm! The coffee is good this morning. Now bring me the newspaper!

**Millie** - It is **there**! - on that chair.

**Robert** - Bring it **here**!

\*\*\*

**Millie** - What is in the news?

**Robert** - Nothing interesting.

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**Robert** - **MILLIE! MILLIE!** My slippers!

**Millie** - They are **there**, under the table.

**Robert** - Why are they **there**? Bring them **here**!

**Millie** - I am not your servant, Robert!

**Robert** - No, but you are my wife!

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<b>to get up</b>	= <i>alzarsi</i>	<b>nothing</b>	= <i>niente</i>
<b>newspaper</b>	= <i>giornale</i>	<b>slippers</b>	= <i>ciabatte</i>
<b>chair</b>	= <i>sedia</i>	<b>under</b>	= <i>sotto</i>
<b>news</b>	= <i>notizie</i>	<b>wife</b>	= <i>moglie</i>

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**only** = *solo; solamente*

**just** = *solo; solamente*

- **Only** a moment, sir.      *oppure*      **Just** a moment, sir.  
I have **only** one friend.      *oppure*      I have **just** one friend.

**UNIT 5****6**

PRONOMI PERSONALI	
SOGGETTO	
<b>I</b>	<i>io</i>
<b>you</b>	<i>tu</i>
<b>he</b>	<i>egli</i>
<b>she</b>	<i>ella</i>
<b>it</b>	<i>esso -a</i>
<b>we</b>	<i>noi</i>
<b>you</b>	<i>voi</i>
<b>they</b>	<i>loro</i>

AGGETTIVI POSSESSIVI	
<b>my</b>	<i>mio</i>
<b>your</b>	<i>tuo</i>
<b>his</b>	<i>suo (di lui)</i>
<b>her</b>	<i>suo (di lei)</i>
<b>its</b>	<i>suo (di esso)</i>
<b>our</b>	<i>nostro</i>
<b>your</b>	<i>vostro</i>
<b>their</b>	<i>loro</i>

PRONOMI PERSONALI	
COMPLEMENTO	
<b>me</b>	<i>me, mi</i>
<b>you</b>	<i>te, ti</i>
<b>him</b>	<i>gli, lo, lui</i>
<b>her</b>	<i>la, le, lei</i>
<b>it</b>	<i>lo, la, gli</i>
<b>us</b>	<i>ci, ce, noi</i>
<b>you</b>	<i>ve, vi, voi</i>
<b>them</b>	<i>li, le, loro</i>

*Imparare a memoria gli esempi seguenti:*

- When **I** am hungry, **my** mother gives **me** a sandwich.  
When **you** are hungry, **your** mother gives **you** a pear.  
When **he** is hungry, **his** mother gives **him** an apple.  
When **she** is hungry, **her** mother gives **her** an orange.  
Kosmo is a pretty Persian cat.  
When **it** is hungry **its** master gives **it** milk and fish.  
When **we** are thirsty, **our** mother gives **us** Coca-Cola.  
When **you** are thirsty, **your** mother gives **you** lemonade.  
When **they** are thirsty, **their** mother gives **them** water.

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**when** = *quando*

**master** = *padrone*

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Waiter bring **me my** coffee. = *Cameriere portami il mio caffè.*

Waiter bring **him his** coffee. = *Cameriere portagli il suo caffè.*

Waiter bring **her her** coffee. = *Cameriere portale il suo caffè.*

Waiter bring **us our** coffee. = *Cameriere portaci il nostro caffè.*

Waiter bring **them their** coffee. = *Cameriere portagli il loro caffè.*

PRONOMI PERSONALI  
COMPLEMENTO

*I pronomi complemento seguono sempre il verbo e le preposizioni.*

- - Mummy, **give me** a glass of milk, please. | *give* (verbo)
- Milk is good **for you**. | *for* (preposizione)

***Mrs Brown, Jack and Jane***

**“Breakfast Time”**

Mrs Brown is preparing breakfast for her children.

Jack says **to her**, “Mummy, **for me** a glass of milk, please.”

And his mother **gives him** a glass of hot milk.

Jane says, “**For me** orange juice, please.”

And her mother **gives her** a glass of orange juice.

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Mrs Brown **brings them** bananas and apples too. And she says **to them**, “Eat the bananas and the apples; they are very good **for you**.”

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Jane says, “Mummy! Jack and I are thirsty. Bring **us** two glasses of water, please!”

Mrs Brown brings **them** the water and says, “Now it is time to go to school.”

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**hungry**

**hɒŋgri**

= affamato

**angry**

**æŋgri**

= arrabbiato

***Robert and Millie***

**Robert** - Millie! Come here! I want my dinner! MILLIE! MILLIE!

**Millie** - But dear! Why are you **angry**?

**Robert** - I'm not **angry**! I'm **hungry**! There is a big difference.

**Millie** - Yes, dear. There is a very big difference.

**Come on!** = *Suvvia! Andiamo!*

**Mother and Child**

- **Come on** Mark! It is time for lunch! Wash your hands and eat!
- But I want to play!
- Not now, dear. **Come on!**
- \*\*\*
- Now sit down and eat!
- **NO**, I want to play!
- Not now, dear. **Come on!** Eat your soup!
- **NO! I WANT TO PLAY!**

*The mother gives him a smack ...  
(La madre gli da uno scappellotto...)*

- Now eat your soup! **Come on!**

*... and the child begins to eat.  
(... ed il bambino comincia a mangiare)*

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**1.** **time** = *ora*

- It is **time** to go. : (*È ora di andare.*)
- It is **time** for lunch. : (*È ora di pranzo.*)
- It is **time** to go to bed. : (*È ora di andare a letto.*)

**2.** **time** = *tempo*

- I haven't much **time**. : (*Non ho molto tempo.*)
- We have plenty of **time**. : (*Abbiamo molto tempo.*)
- Time** is money. : (*Il tempo è denaro.*)

Traduzione di “ *troppo - troppi* ”

1. **too** = *troppo*

*Quando si riferisce ad un **aggettivo** o un **avverbio**.*

The sun is **too** hot. (*Il sole è troppo caldo.*) (*aggettivo*)

It is **too** late. (*E' troppo tardi.*) (*avverbio*)

2. **too much** = *troppo*

*Quando si riferisce ad un **sostantivo singolare** o un **verbo**.*

Tom drinks **too much** wine. (*sostantivo singolare*)

He smokes **too much**. (*verbo*)

3. **too many** = *troppi*

*Quando si riferisce ad un **sostantivo plurale**.*

Margaret eats **too many** cakes. (*sostantivo plurale*)

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**on** = *su; sopra*

**under** = *sotto*

- Your coffee is there, **on** the table.

The paper is **on** that chair.

The slippers are **under** the table.

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<i>In italiano si dice:</i>	<i>Fa caldo.</i>
	<i>Fa molto caldo.</i>
	<i>Fa freddo.</i>
	<i>Fa molto freddo.</i>

<i>In inglese si dice:</i>	<b>It is hot.</b> ( <i>lett. Esso è caldo.</i> )
	<b>It is very hot.</b> ( <i>lett. Esso è molto caldo.</i> )
	<b>It is cold.</b> ( <i>lett. Esso è freddo.</i> )
	<b>It is very cold.</b> ( <i>lett. Esso è molto freddo.</i> )

**IRREGULAR PLURAL** = plurale irregolare

Ai sostantivi che terminano in **ch sh s x**, si aggiunge “**es**”.

SINGULAR		PLURAL		
<b>match</b>	= fiammifero	<b>matches</b>	mætʃɪz	= fiammiferi
<b>church</b>	= chiesa	<b>churches</b>	tʃɜ:tʃɪz	= chiese
<b>brush</b>	= spazzola	<b>brushes</b>	brʌʃɪz	= spazzole
<b>glass</b>	= bicchiere	<b>glasses</b>	glɑ:sɪz	= bicchieri
<b>box</b>	= scatola	<b>boxes</b>	bɒksɪz	= scatole

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**he washes** (wɒʃɪz) = lui si lava

**he kisses** (kɪsɪz) = lui bacia

Si aggiunge **-es** per formare la 3<sup>a</sup> persona del singolare dei verbi che terminano in **ch sh s x**.

**to wash** = lavare

PRESENT SIMPLE		
1°	I	wash
2°	you	wash
3°	he	washes
	we	wash
	you	wash
	they	wash

**to kiss** = baciare

PRESENT SIMPLE		
1°	I	kiss
2°	you	kiss
3°	he	kisses
	we	kiss
	you	kiss
	they	kiss

Lunch Time

## READING

It is lunch time.

Tom and Margaret are in a very elegant restaurant.

A nice **smiling** waiter brings them the menu. Tom and Margaret read it.

Margaret wants soup, fish, cakes and bananas. She also wants a big bottle of mineral water because she is very thirsty.

Tom is very hungry. He wants soup, fish, a big **steak** with fried potatoes, and coffee. He also wants oranges and a bottle of red wine.

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It is a very hot **day**, but in the restaurant it is not hot, because there is **air conditioning**.

Margaret likes the restaurant very much because the waiter is nice, the music is romantic, and there are beautiful flowers on the tables.

Tom also likes the restaurant, because there is air conditioning, because the steak is **tender**, and the wine is good **quality**.

**He thinks that** the music is good for the digestion.

\*\*\*

The waiter brings them the **bill**.

Tom **pays** the bill and says to him, "Keep the change". And the waiter says, "Thank you very much, sir!"

*sorridente*

*bistecca*

*giorno*

*aria condizionata*

*tenera*

*qualità*

*Egli pensa che*

*conto*

*paga*

It is Time for Lunch

- Mother** - It's time for lunch. The soup is on the table, but where are the children?
- Father** - They are both in the garden.
- Mother** - What are they doing?
- Father** - They are playing football.
- Mother** - These children play too much. They are always playing. Aren't they hungry?
- Father** - I think that they are hungry, but they prefer to play.

\*\*\*

- Mother** - CHILDREN! COME HERE! Listen to me! There is a very good lunch today. There is your favourite soup and there is delicious fried fish too. There are also bananas and oranges.
- Children** - JUST A MOMENT, mummy! Only a moment!
- Mother** - **NO!** Come here! **Come here! Now!**

The children come into the house.

(I bambini entrano in casa.)

- Children** - Are you angry, mummy?
- Mother** - Yes, I am. Very angry.
- Children** - We are sorry, mummy.
- Mother** - Well, now wash your hands and sit down!
- Children** - This fish is so good, mummy! It is delicious.
- Mother** - Well, now eat the bananas and the oranges ... and these cakes too.
- Children** - Are there cakes too? Oh! What a good lunch there is today. Thank you, mummy!

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**garden** = *giardino*

**mummy** = *mamma*

## TRANSLATION

- |    |                                 |
|----|---------------------------------|
| 1. | <i>Fai la traduzione orale.</i> |
| 3. | <i>Copia tutta la pagina.</i>   |

1. Tom and Margaret are in a restaurant.
2. They are hungry. They are thirsty too.
3. They want their dinner.
4. The waiter brings them the menu.
5. Tom wants a big steak with fried potatoes.
6. Margaret prefers fish.
  
7. Tom says to the waiter, "Bring us our coffee."
8. And the waiter brings them their coffee.
9. Margaret says, "Tom, give me a cake please."
10. And he gives her a cake.
11. A nice evening. Delicious wine.
12. Bananas and oranges are good for the digestion.
  
13. A match. Two matches.
14. A box of matches. Two boxes of matches.
15. Many bottles of wine. Too many bottles.
16. Many glasses of water. Too much water.
17. There are cakes and oranges on the table.
18. There is a menu under the newspaper.
  
19. The bill, please! - Keep the change!
20. We want to wash our hands.
21. We are tired. It is time to go.

## TRANSLATION

1. *Fai la traduzione scritta dall'italiano in inglese.*
2. *Correggi gli eventuali errori guardando la pagina precedente.*
3. *Fai la traduzione orale.*

1. Tom e Margaret sono in un ristorante.
2. Essi sono affamati. Essi sono assetati pure.
3. Essi vogliono (la) loro cena.
4. Il cameriere porta loro il menù.
5. Tom vuole una grande bistecca con patate fritte.
6. Margaret preferisce pesce.
  
7. Tom dice al cameriere, "Portaci (il) nostro caffè."
8. Ed il cameriere porta loro (il) loro caffè.
9. Margaret dice, "Tom, dammi un pasticcino per piacere."
10. E egli le dà un pasticcino.
11. Una piacevole serata. Delizioso vino.
12. (Le) banane e (le) arance sono buone per la digestione.
  
13. Un fiammifero. Due fiammiferi.
14. Una scatola di fiammiferi. Due scatole di fiammiferi.
15. Molte bottiglie di vino. Troppe bottiglie.
16. Molti bicchieri di acqua. Troppa acqua.
17. Ci sono pasticcini ed arance sul tavolo.
18. C'è un menù sotto il giornale.
  
19. Il conto, per piacere! - Tenga il resto!
20. Noi vogliamo lavarci (le) nostre mani.
21. Noi siamo stanchi. E' ora (di) andare.

**NOTA**

*L'italiano di questa traduzione è stato "inglesizzato" per facilitarne la traduzione.*

*Le parole fra parentesi non si traducono.*

## EXERCISES

1. *Sostituisci le parole in rosso con uno dei seguenti pronomi:  
him - her - them.*

Esempio Tom loves Margaret. = Tom loves her.

1. Tom is in a restaurant. Margaret is with Tom.
2. The waiter brings Tom and Margaret their dinner.
3. He brings Tom a steak with fried potatoes.
4. And he brings Margaret fish and cakes.
5. Tom likes red wine, but, according to Margaret, wine is bad for Tom.
6. Margaret likes to eat a lot of cakes, but according to Tom, too many sweet things are bad for Margaret.

\*\*\* \*\*

2. *Riempi gli spazi vuoti con: me him her us them.*

Tom and Margaret are on the beach.

He says to ....., "Give .....my magazine, please!"

- and she gives ..... his magazine.

Margaret says to ....., "Tom! give .....my sunglasses, please!"

- and he gives ..... her sunglasses.

Jack and Jane are thirsty. They say to their mother, "Mummy give ..... a glass of water, please!"

- and their mother gives ..... two glasses of water.

The children say to ....., "Thank you mummy," and give ..... a kiss.

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**sunglasses** = *occhiali da sole*

## EXERCISES

3. *Sostituisci le parole in rosso con un pronome (soggetto o complemento)*

Esempio Tom loves Margaret. = **He loves her.**

1. Margaret loves Tom.
2. Margaret is reading a book. She likes the book.
3. Tom is always reading magazines. He likes magazines.
4. Jack is eating a banana.
5. Jane is eating chocolates.
6. Jack and Jane are brother and sister.
- 7 Mrs Brown loves Jack and Jane very much.

4. *Scrivi il plurale dei seguenti nomi:*

church	boy	child
glass	slipper	foot
brush	dress	tooth
box	man	servant
match	woman	beach
bus	apple	mouse
orange	cake	goose

5. *Traduci in inglese.*

- |                                     |                           |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Dammi una banana, per favore.    | 6. Questo libro è per te. |
| 2. Dagli un pasticcino, per favore. | 7. Vieni con me.          |
| 3. Dalle una mela, per favore.      | 8. Va con lui.            |
| 4. Dacci due arance, per favore.    |                           |
| 5. Da loro due birre, per favore.   |                           |

<i>Nota</i>	to come = venire
	to go = andare

## EXERCISES

6. *Riempi gli spazi vuoti con: pronomi personali (soggetto o complemento) o aggettivi possessivi.*

Esempio When **he** is hungry **his** mother gives **him** a sandwich.

1. I am in a restaurant, the waiter brings ..... **my** lunch.
2. .... is in a restaurant too, the waiter brings **him** ..... lunch.
3. **She** is in a restaurant, the waiter brings ..... **her** lunch.
4. **We** are hungry, waiter bring ..... ..... **lunch**.
5. The waiter brings ..... their lunch.

7. *Completa queste frasi con: too - too much - too many*

1. - The sun is ..... hot. Put on your hat.
2. - No, it isn't, and it's time for my swim.
3. - No, not this morning. The sea is ..... cold for a swim.
4. The cigarettes that Tom smokes are bad for him. They are ..... strong.
5. He smokes ..... cigarettes, and he drinks ..... beer and ..... coffee.
6. He eats ..... , and he drinks ..... .
7. It is very bad for his **health**. (*salute*)

8. *Traduci in inglese.*

Esempio Margaret *ha freddo*. = **Margaret is cold.**

1. Tom *ha caldo*.
2. Margaret *ha molto caldo anche*. ( **molto** = **very** )
3. Egli *ha fame*.
4. Ella *ha molta fame pure*.
5. Egli *ha sete*,
6. Ella *ha molta sete pure*.
7. Fa *freddo*. Fa *molto freddo*.
8. Fa *caldo*. Fa *molto caldo*.

## VOCABULARY

air conditioning	eə kəndiʃəniŋ	<i>aria condizionata</i>
all	ɔ:l	<i>tutto</i>
angry	æŋgri	<i>arrabbiato</i>
beer	biə	<i>birra</i>
bill	bil	<i>conto</i>
bottle	bɒtl	<i>bottiglia</i>
box	bɒks	<i>scatola</i>
bread	bred	<i>pane</i>
breakfast	brekfəst	<i>colazione</i>
to bring	tu briŋ	<i>portare</i>
brush	brʌʃ	<i>spazzola</i>
cake	keik	<i>pasticcino</i>
chair	tʃeə	<i>sedia</i>
change	tʃeindʒ	<i>resto; cambio</i>
church	tʃə:tʃ	<i>chiesa</i>
delicious	diliʃəs	<i>delizioso</i>
difference	difrəns	<i>differenza</i>
digestion	didʒestʃən	<i>digestione</i>
dinner	dinə	<i>cena</i>
to drink	tu driŋk	<i>bere</i>
to eat	tu i:t	<i>mangiare</i>
elegant	eligənt	<i>elegante</i>
evening	i:vnɪŋ	<i>sera; serata</i>
fried	fraid	<i>fritto</i>
fish	fiʃ	<i>pesce</i>
flower	flauə	<i>fiore</i>
garden	ga:dn	<i>giardino</i>
to get up	tu get ʌp	<i>alzarsi</i>
to give	tu giv	<i>dare</i>
glass	gla:s	<i>bicchiere</i>
to go	tu gou	<i>andare</i>

(turn over)

**VOCABULARY**

<b>hand</b>	<b>hænd</b>	<i>mano</i>
<b>health</b>	<b>helə</b>	<i>salute</i>
<b>her</b>	<b>hə:</b>	<i>la, le / lei</i>
<b>him</b>	<b>him</b>	<i>gli, lo / lui</i>
<b>hungry</b>	<b>hʌŋgri</b>	<i>affamato</i>
<b>to keep</b>	<b>tu ki:p</b>	<i>tenere</i>
<b>kiss</b>	<b>kis</b>	<i>bacio</i>
<b>to kiss</b>	<b>tu kis</b>	<i>baciare</i>
<b>late</b>	<b>leit</b>	<i>tardi</i>
<b>lemonade</b>	<b>ləmənəid</b>	<i>limonata</i>
<b>madam</b>	<b>mædəm</b>	<i>signora</i>
<b>master</b>	<b>ma:stə</b>	<i>padrone</i>
<b>match</b>	<b>mætʃ</b>	<i>fiammifero</i>
<b>me</b>	<b>mi: / mi</b>	<i>me, mi</i>
<b>meat</b>	<b>mi:t</b>	<i>carne</i>
<b>milk</b>	<b>milk</b>	<i>latte</i>
<b>money</b>	<b>mʌni</b>	<i>denaro</i>
<b>Mrs</b>	<b>mɪsɪz</b>	<i>signora</i>
<b>newspaper</b>	<b>nju:spɛɪpə</b>	<i>giornale</i>
<b>or</b>	<b>ɔ:</b>	<i>o; oppure</i>
<b>paper</b>	<b>peɪpə</b>	<i>carta; giornale</i>
<b>to pass</b>	<b>tu pa:s</b>	<i>passare; porgere</i>
<b>to pay</b>	<b>tu peɪ</b>	<i>pagare</i>
<b>pear</b>	<b>peə</b>	<i>pera</i>
<b>place</b>	<b>pleɪs</b>	<i>posto; luogo</i>
<b>to play</b>	<b>tu pleɪ</b>	<i>giocare</i>
<b>plenty of</b>	<b>plenti əv</b>	<i>molto</i>
<b>potato</b>	<b>pəteɪtəu</b>	<i>patata</i>
<b>to prepare</b>	<b>tu prɪpeə</b>	<i>preparare</i>
<b>quality</b>	<b>kwɒlɪti</b>	<i>qualità</i>
<b>restaurant</b>	<b>restərənt</b>	<i>ristorante</i>

**(turn over)**

**VOCABULARY**

<b>salt</b>	sə:lt	<i>sale</i>
<b>school</b>	sku:l	<i>scuola</i>
<b>servant</b>	sə:vənt	<i>servo</i>
<b>sir</b>	sə:	<i>signore</i>
<b>to sit down</b>	tu sit daun	<i>sedersi</i>
<b>slippers</b>	slɪpəz	<i>ciabatte</i>
<b>smiling</b>	smaɪlɪŋ	<i>sorridente</i>
<b>soup</b>	su:p	<i>zuppa</i>
<b>steak</b>	steɪk	<i>bistecca</i>
<b>sweet</b>	swi:t	<i>dolce</i>
<b>table</b>	teɪbl	<i>tavolo</i>
<b>tender</b>	tendə	<i>tenero</i>
<b>them</b>	ðem / ðəm	<i>li, le / loro</i>
<b>there</b>	ðeə	<i>li</i>
<b>thirsty</b>	θə:sti	<i>assetato</i>
<b>tip</b>	tɪp	<i>mancia</i>
<b>tired</b>	tajəd	<i>stanco</i>
<b>too</b>	tu:	<i>pure; troppo</i>
<b>too much</b>	tu: mʌtʃ	<i>troppo</i>
<b>too many</b>	tu: meni	<i>troppi</i>
<b>under</b>	ʌndə	<i>sotto</i>
<b>us</b>	ʌs	<i>ci, ce / noi</i>
<b>vulgar</b>	vʌlgə	<i>volgare</i>
<b>waiter</b>	weɪtə	<i>cameriere</i>
<b>to want</b>	tu wɒnt	<i>volere</i>
<b>water</b>	wɔ:tə	<i>acqua</i>
<b>when</b>	wen	<i>quando</i>
<b>where</b>	weə	<i>dove</i>
<b>wife</b>	waɪf	<i>moglie</i>
<b>wonderful</b>	wʌndəfʊl	<i>meraviglioso</i>
<b>with</b>	wɪð	<i>con</i>