

# UNIT 2

## Presentation



Tom  
Hudson

&

Margaret  
Taylor

## Suggerimenti per lo Studio

1.

- a **Copia** il vocabolario (pag. 14 e 15); solamente l'inglese.
- b **Memorizza** il significato di ogni parola.
- c **Copri** le parole inglesi e cerca di indovinarne il significato.

2.

- a **Studia** le regole grammaticali (pag. da 2 a 8).
- b **Svolgi** gli esercizi delle pag. 10 - 11 - 12 - 13.

3.

**Traduci oralmente** la pagina 1. Se non ti ricordi il significato di qualche parola, consulta il vocabolario.

4.

**Ascolta** la registrazione della 'Unit' guardando il testo. (un paio di volte)

5.

**Riascolta** la registrazione senza guardare il testo. Si deve ascoltare tante volte fino a quando non si capisca perfettamente.

Tom Hudson (hʌdsn)

- My name is Tom Hudson. I have black hair and brown eyes.

Tom is my first name. Hudson is my surname.

I am American. I speak English. English is my language.

I live in New York.

I am engaged. Margaret Taylor is my fiancée.

I love my fiancée. She is a nice girl. She is English and she lives in London.

I have a car. My car is red. I like red things. I like red wine. And I like sport. I like football.

My fiancée is different. She likes art and music.

Margaret Taylor (teɪlə)

- My name is Margaret Taylor. I have blonde hair and blue eyes.

My first name is Margaret. My surname is Taylor.

I am English. I speak English. English is my language.

I live in London.

Tom Hudson is my fiancé.

I love my fiancé. He is handsome and strong. He is American and he lives in New York.

Tom has a new red car. He likes red things.

I have a green dress. I like green. I like green things.

My fiancé and I like different things. I like art and music, he likes sports and cars.



## Aggettivi Possessivi

## Pronomi Personali

|       |                        |   |      |             |
|-------|------------------------|---|------|-------------|
| my    | <i>mio - mia</i>       | <i>miei - mie</i>                         | I    | <i>io</i>   |
| your  | <i>tuo - tua</i>       | <i>tuoi - tue</i>                         | you  | <i>tu</i>   |
| his   | <i>suo - sua</i>       | <i>suoi - sue (di lui)</i>                | he   | <i>egli</i> |
| her   | <i>suo - sua</i>       | <i>suoi - sue (di lei)</i>                | she  | <i>ella</i> |
| its   | <i>suo - sua</i>       | <i>suoi - sue<br/>(di animale o cosa)</i> | it   | <i>esso</i> |
| our   | <i>nostro - nostra</i> | <i>nostri - nostre</i>                    | we   | <i>noi</i>  |
| your  | <i>vostro - vostra</i> | <i>vostri - vostre</i>                    | you  | <i>voi</i>  |
| their | <i>loro</i>            |   | they | <i>essi</i> |

I am English. England is **my** country.

You are French. France is **your** country.

He is Spanish. Spain is **his** country.

She is Italian. Italy is **her** country.

It is a Persian cat. **Its** name is Kosmo.

We are German. Germany is **our** country.

You are American. America is **your** country.

They are Russian. Russia is **their** country.

**Warning** = *avvertimento*

**suo - sua - suoi - sue** si traducono con:

**his** *Se il possessore è di sesso maschile.*

> Tom has a car. **His** car is red.

**her** *Se il possessore è di sesso femminile.*

> Margaret has a car. **Her** car is green.

**its** *Se il possessore è un animale o una cosa.*

> Margaret has a Persian cat, **its** name is Kosmo.



**his** = *suo - sua suoi - sue (di lui)*

- > Tom is a man. - He is a nice young man.  
He has black hair. **His** hair is black.  
He has brown eyes. **His** eyes are brown.  
He is American. America is **his** country.  
He lives in New York. New York is **his** city.  
He likes red things. **His** car is red.  
He has a fiancée. Margaret Taylor is **his** fiancée.

**her** = *suo - sua suoi - sue (di lei)*

- > Margaret is a woman.  
She is a pretty woman. She is a pretty young woman.  
She has blonde hair. **Her** hair is blonde.  
She has blue eyes. **Her** eyes are blue.  
She is English. England is **her** country.  
She speaks English. English is **her** language.  
She lives in London. London is **her** city.  
She has a green dress. **Her** dress is green.  
She has a fiancé. Tom Hudson is **her** fiancé.

**its** = *suo - sua suoi - sue (di un animale o di una cosa)*

- > Margaret has a Persian cat, **its** name is Kosmo.  
**Its** fur is white and **its** eyes are green. (**fur** = *pelo*)

**Warning** = *avvertimento*

1. *Gli aggettivi possessivi sono invariabili.*

**my** = *mio - mia - miei - mie*

2. *Non sono mai preceduti dall'articolo.*

**My** name is Margaret Taylor.

( ~~The~~ my name is Margaret Taylor.) **Errore!**



to like = piacere

I like music. = *Mi piace la musica. (lett. Io piaccio musica.)*

- > Tom likes red things.  
 He likes red wine.  
 He likes apples.  
 He likes sports. He likes football.  
 His fiancée likes different things.  
 She likes art and music.  
 Their tastes are different.  
 ===  
 tastes = gusti

Warning = avvertimento

*In italiano si dice:* "A Tom piace il vino rosso."

*In inglese si dice:* Tom likes red wine.  
 (lett. Tom piace vino rosso.)



to have = avere

Present Simple = presente semplice

|                |      |      |   |             |
|----------------|------|------|---|-------------|
| 1 <sup>a</sup> | I    | have | = | io ho       |
| 2 <sup>a</sup> | you  | have | = | tu hai      |
| 3 <sup>a</sup> | he   | has  | = | egli ha     |
| "              | she  | "    | = | ella ha     |
| "              | it   | "    | = | esso ha     |
| 1 <sup>a</sup> | we   | have | = | noi abbiamo |
| 2 <sup>a</sup> | you  | have | = | voi avete   |
| 3 <sup>a</sup> | they | have | = | essi hanno  |



**Irregular Plural** = *plurale irregolare*

**Singolare****Plurale**

|       |   |                   |          |   |                          |
|-------|---|-------------------|----------|---|--------------------------|
| man   | = | <i>uomo</i>       | men      | = | <i>uomini</i>            |
| woman | = | <i>donna</i>      | women    | = | <i>donne</i>             |
| child | = | <i>bambino -a</i> | children | = | <i>bambini - bambine</i> |
| foot  | = | <i>piede</i>      | feet     | = | <i>piedi</i>             |
| tooth | = | <i>dente</i>      | teeth    | = | <i>denti</i>             |
| mouse | = | <i>topo</i>       | mice     | = | <i>topi</i>              |
| goose | = | <i>anatra</i>     | geese    | = | <i>anatre</i>            |



a young man = *un giovane uomo* (*un giovane*)

an old man = *un vecchio uomo* (*un vecchio*)

a young woman = *una giovane donna* (*una giovane*)

an old woman = *una vecchia donna* (*una vecchia*)

**Warning** = *avvertimento*

*Se in italiano diciamo: un giovane, un vecchio, si capisce che si tratta di due persone di sesso maschile.*

*Se in inglese diciamo: a young, an old, non si capisce se stiamo parlando di un uomo o di una donna, quindi si dice:*

a young man = *un giovane*

a young woman = *una giovane*

an old man = *un vecchio*

an old woman = *una vecchia*



fiancé = fidanzato

fiancée = fidanzata

'Fiancé', forma il femminile aggiungendo una 'e', perché è un termine francese usato anche in inglese.



summer holiday = estate  
 holiday = vacanza  
 summer holiday = vacanza estiva

foot = piede  
 ball = palla; pallone  
 football = calcio

engaged = fidanzato  
 I am engaged. = Sono fidanzato.



Warning = avvertimento

Alla terza persona del **Presente Semplice** si aggiunge una 's'.

- > Tom lives in New York.  
 He speaks English.  
 He likes sport.

Margaret lives in London.  
 She likes art and music.  
 She loves Tom.





L'articolo "the" = il - lo - la i - gli - le

*In molti casi in italiano si usano gli articoli determinativi, mentre in inglese non si usano.*

- > Italy is a beautiful country. *The* Italy is a beautiful country.  
 Tom likes red wine. Tom likes *the* red wine.  
 Margaret has blonde hair. Margaret has *the* blonde hair.  
 My name is Marco. *The* my name is Marco.

*Non c'è una regola semplice che ci permetta di sapere quando usare l'articolo "the".*

*Bisogna quindi imparare a memoria le frasi date sopra e frasi simili, man mano che s'incontrano.*



**dress** = vestito; abito da donna

- > Margaret has a beautiful green **dress**.

**suit** = vestito; abito da uomo

- > Tom has a modern brown **suit**.



**hair** = capelli; capigliatura

- > Margaret has blonde **hair**. (*Margaret ha la capigliatura bionda.*)  
 Her hair **is** blonde. (*La sua capigliatura è bionda.*)

- > **"Hair"** è collettivo **singolare**. Il verbo va quindi al **singolare**.

Her hair **is** blonde. (Her hair **are** blonde.) **Errore!**

### Warning

La parola **hairs** (**plurale**) significa **peli**.



1. in = a

> Tom lives in New York. = (Tom abita a New York.)

2. in = in

> Paris is in France. = (Parigi è in Francia.)



Pronunciation = pronuncia

| æ        | ʌ       | a:        | i:    | ɜ:      |
|----------|---------|-----------|-------|---------|
| black    | Russia  | France    | feet  | girl    |
| cat      | brother | car       | geese | first   |
| grammar  | summer  | are       | green | German  |
| language | country | art       | he    | Germany |
| man      | colour  | Barcelona | she   | Berlin  |
| Jack     | London  |           | to be | Persian |
| Paris    | Russian |           | we    | surname |
| apple    | to love |           |       | fur     |
| have     | young   |           |       |         |
| Spanish  |         |           |       |         |

Phonetic Symbols = simboli fonetici

æ cat = suono fra la 'a' e la 'e'

ʌ love = 'a' breve

a: car = 'a' lunga

i: green = 'i' lunga

ɜ: girl = suono neutro lungo

: = I due punti indicano che il suono vocalico è lungo.



1. Tom Hudson is an American young man.
2. He lives in New York.
3. New York is his city.
4. He has a fiancée.
5. Her first name is Margaret. Her surname is Taylor.
6. She lives in London.
7. She is a pretty girl.
8. She has blonde hair and blue eyes.
9. She likes art and music.
10. She likes green things. She has a green dress.
  
11. Margaret Taylor is an English young woman.
12. She lives in London.
13. She has a fiancé, his name is Tom Hudson.
14. He lives in New York.
15. He is a handsome, strong man.
16. He likes sports, he likes football.
17. He has a red car, he likes red things.
18. He likes red wine. His car is red.
20. They are in Spain for a holiday.
21. They like Spain. Spain is beautiful.
22. It is a beautiful country.
23. Margaret likes Spanish art and music. Tom likes Spanish wine.



|                                 |
|---------------------------------|
| Translation = <i>traduzione</i> |
|---------------------------------|

|    |                               |
|----|-------------------------------|
| 1. | <i>Traduci oralmente.</i>     |
| 2. | <i>Copia tutta la pagina.</i> |

1. I am English. My name is Jack.
2. You are Spanish. Your name is Dolores.
3. The pretty girl is my sister. Her name is Jane.
4. The man in the red car is American. His name is Tom.
5. The blonde girl is his fiancée. Her name is Margaret.
  
6. Jane and I live in England. England is our country.
7. You, Juan - and you, Dolores, live in Madrid. Madrid is your city.
8. Tom and Margaret are in Barcelona for their summer holiday.
9. Karl is a German boy, he has two sisters;
10. their eyes are blue and their hair is blonde.
  
11. Gina is an Italian girl. She has two brothers;
12. their eyes are brown and their hair is black.
  
13. A handsome young man - two handsome young men.
14. A pretty young woman - two pretty young women.
  
15. Tom likes sport. Margaret likes art.
16. He likes new things; he is a modern man.
17. She likes old things.
18. They have different tastes. Their tastes are different.
19. Men and women like different things.



Translation = traduzione

|    |   |
|----|---|
| 1. | Fai la traduzione <i>scritta</i> dall'italiano in inglese.    |
| 2. | Correggi gli eventuali errori guardando la pagina precedente. |
| 3. | Fai la traduzione <i>orale</i> .                              |

**Nota** Le parole tra parentesi *non si traducono*.

1. Io sono inglese, (il) mio nome è Jack.
2. Tu sei spagnola, (il) tuo nome è Dolores.
3. La ragazza carina è mia sorella; (il) suo nome è Jane.
4. L'uomo nell'automobile rossa è americano, (il) suo nome è Tom.
5. La ragazza bionda è (la) sua fidanzata, (il) suo nome è Margaret.
6. Jane ed io abitiamo in Inghilterra. (L') Inghilterra è (il) nostro paese.
7. Tu, Juan - e tu, Dolores, abitate a Madrid. Madrid è (la) vostra città.
8. Tom e Margaret sono a Barcellona per (la) loro vacanza estiva.
9. Karl è un ragazzo tedesco, egli ha due sorelle;
10. (i) loro occhi sono blu e (i) loro capelli sono biondi.
11. Gina è una ragazza italiana. Ella ha due fratelli;
12. (i) loro occhi sono marrone e (i) loro capelli sono neri.
13. Un bel giovane - due bei giovani.
14. Una giovane carina - due giovani carine.
15. (A) Tom piace lo sport. (A) Margaret piace l'arte.
16. (A) lui piacciono cose nuove; egli è un uomo moderno.
17. (A) lei piacciono cose antiche.
18. Essi hanno gusti differenti. (I) loro gusti sono differenti.
19. (Agli) uomini e (alle) donne piacciono differenti cose.



Per la soluzione di questi esercizi vai a pag. 16 e 17

EXERCISES = esercizi

*Non scrivere sul libro. Copia le frasi sul quaderno, inserendo le parole mancanti.*

1. *Inserisci gli aggettivi possessivi.*

**Esempio** (I am Spanish, Spain is **my** country.)

1. I am Italian, Italy is ..... country.
2. You are English, England is ..... country.
3. He is French, France is ..... country.
4. She is Russian, Russia is ..... country.
5. Kosmo is a Persian cat, ..... fur is white. (**fur** = pelo)
6. We are Italian, Italy is ..... country.
7. You are German, Germany is ..... country.
8. They are American, America is ..... country.

2. *Inserisci gli aggettivi mancanti.*

**Esempio** (New York is a **big** city.)

1. Margaret has ..... hair.
2. Tom has ..... eyes.
3. Jack is a ..... boy.
4. Jane is a ..... girl.
5. Men and women like ..... things.
6. Tom likes ..... wine.
7. Margaret has a ..... dress.
8. Madrid is a ..... city.
9. Rome is an ..... city.
10. Jack and Jane are ..... students.
11. Tom has a ..... car.

3. *Scrivi il plurale delle seguenti parole.*

|       |      |       |       |       |       |        |
|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| apple | man  | tooth | child | woman | ball  | colour |
| eye   | foot | car   | goose | taste | mouse | boy    |

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Per la soluzione di questi esercizi vai a pag. 16 e 17

EXERCISES = esercizi

Attenzione!

*Non scrivere sul libro. Copia le frasi su un quaderno, inserendo le parole mancanti.*

4. *Inserisci gli aggettivi possessivi: his - her - its - their*

1. Tom Hudson is American, ..... first name is Tom, ..... surname is Hudson.
2. Margaret Taylor is English, ..... first name is Margaret, ..... surname is Taylor.
3. They are in Spain for ..... holiday.
4. Tom lives in New York. New York is ..... city.
5. Margaret lives in London. London is ..... city.
6. Tom has black hair. .... hair is black.
7. Margaret has blonde hair. .... hair is blonde.
8. He likes new things, she likes old things. They have different tastes, ..... tastes are different.
9. Tom has a red car. .... car is red.
10. Margaret has a green dress. .... dress is green.
11. Jack and Jane are brother and sister. He is ..... brother. She is ..... sister.
12. They are English. England is ..... country.
13. They speak English. English is ..... language.
14. Margaret has a Persian cat, ..... name is Kosmo. .... fur is white and ..... eyes are green.



## Vocabulary

|           |            |                        |
|-----------|------------|------------------------|
| American  | əmerikən   | americano              |
| art       | a:t        | arte                   |
| ball      | bɔ:l       | palla, pallone         |
| Barcelona | ba:silounə | Barcellona             |
| black     | blæk       | nero                   |
| blue      | blu:       | azzurro                |
| blonde    | blɒnd      | biondo                 |
| brown     | braun      | marrone, castano       |
| but       | bʌt        | ma, però               |
| child     | tʃaɪld     | bambino, bambina       |
| children  | tʃɪldrən   | bambini, bambine       |
| colour    | kʌlə       | colore                 |
| different | dɪfrənt    | differente, diverso    |
| dress     | dres       | vestito (da donna)     |
| engaged   | ɪngeɪdʒd   | fidanzato, fidanzata   |
| eye       | æi         | occhio                 |
| feet      | fi:t       | piedi                  |
| fiancé    | fianse     | fidanzato              |
| fiancée   | fianse     | fidanzata              |
| foot      | fut        | piede                  |
| football  | fʊtbɔ:l    | calcio                 |
| for       | fɔ: / fə   | per                    |
| fur       | fɜ:        | pelo (di animale)      |
| geese     | gi:s       | oche                   |
| goose     | gu:s       | oca                    |
| green     | gri:n      | verde                  |
| hair      | heə        | capelli                |
| hairs     | heəz       | pelì                   |
| handsome  | hænsəm     | bello                  |
| to have   | tu hæv     | avere                  |
| her       | he: / hə   | suo (di lei)           |
| his       | hɪz        | suo (di lui)           |
| holiday   | hɒlɪdeɪ    | vacanza                |
| its       | ɪts = suo  | (di animale o di cosa) |

&gt;&gt;&gt;



## Vocabulary

language  
to like  
man  
men  
mice  
mouse  
music  
new  
nice  
our  
Persian  
Russia  
Russian  
second  
to speak  
strong  
suit  
summer  
surname  
taste  
teeth  
their  
thing  
tooth  
two  
white  
wine  
woman  
women  
young  
your

læŋgwɪdʒ  
tu laɪk  
mæn  
men  
maɪs  
maʊs  
mju:zɪk  
nju:  
naɪs  
aʊə  
pɜ:ʒən  
rʌfə  
rʌfən  
sekənd  
tu spi:k  
strɒŋ  
su:t  
sʌmə  
sɜ:neɪm  
teɪst  
ði:ə  
ðeə  
θɪŋ  
tu:θ  
tu:  
waɪt  
waɪn  
wʊmən  
wɪmɪn  
jʌŋ  
jɔ: / jə

lingua  
piacere, gradire  
uomo  
uomini  
topi  
topo  
musica  
nuovo  
simpatico  
nostro -a -i -e  
persiano  
Russia  
russo  
secondo  
parlare  
forte  
vestito (da uomo)  
estate  
cognome  
gusto  
denti  
loro (agg. poss.)  
cosa  
dente  
due  
bianco  
vino  
donna  
donne  
giovane  
tuo tua tuoi tue  
vostro -a -i -e



Exercises = esercizi

1. *Inserisci gli aggettivi possessivi.*

1. I am Italian, Italy is **my** country.
2. You are English, England is **your** country.
3. He is French, France is **his** country.
4. She is Russian, Russia is **her** country.
5. Kosmo is a Persian cat, **its** fur is white. (fur = pelo)
6. We are Italian, Italy is **our** country.
7. You are German, Germany is **your** country.
8. They are American, America is **their** country.

2. *Inserisci gli aggettivi mancanti.***Esempio** (New York is a **big** city.)

1. Margaret has **blonde** hair.
2. Tom has **brown** eyes.
3. Jack is a **clever** boy.
4. Jane is a **pretty** girl.
5. Men and women like **different** things.
6. Tom likes **red** wine.
7. Margaret has a **green** dress.
8. Madrid is a **Spanish** city.
9. Rome is an **Italian** city.
10. Jack and Jane are **English** students.
11. Tom has a **red** car.

3. *Scrivi il plurale delle seguenti parole.*

|        |      |       |          |        |       |         |
|--------|------|-------|----------|--------|-------|---------|
| apples | men  | teeth | children | women  | balls | colours |
| eyes   | feet | cars  | geese    | tastes | mice  | boys    |



**Attenzione!****4. Inserisci gli aggettivi possessivi: his - her - its - their**

1. Tom Hudson is American, **his** first name is Tom, **his** surname is Hudson.
2. Margaret Taylor is English, **her** first name is Margaret, **her** surname is Taylor.
3. They are in Spain for **their** holiday.
4. Tom lives in New York. New York is **his** city.
5. Margaret lives in London. London is **her** city.
6. Tom has black hair. **His** hair is black.
7. Margaret has blonde hair. **Her** hair is blonde.
8. He likes new things, she likes old things. They have different tastes, **their** tastes are different.
9. Tom has a red car. **His** car is red.
10. Margaret has a green dress. **Her** dress is green.
11. Jack and Jane are brother and sister. He is **her** brother. She is **his** sister.
12. They are English. England is **their** country.
13. They speak English. English is **their** language.
14. Margaret has a Persian cat, **its** name is Kosmo. **Its** fur is white and **its** eyes are green.

